

**JCBENERGY**<sup>®</sup>  
GENERATOR

# SYNCHRONOUS ALTERNATORS



[www.jcbenergy.es](http://www.jcbenergy.es)

## General Specifications

Jcbenergy, is an independent and internationally recognized power producer, specializing exclusively on manufacturing of synchronous alternators.

Jcbenergy focuses its corporate mission on original and self-made designs; innovative solutions and provide long-term and sustainable development.

Turkish and foreign technical teams are always working with their knowhow and experience in order to meet universal demands and projects and to have a continuous increase in the performance, total lifespan and overall reliability of the products. Jcbenergy continues the R&D studies with universities both in Europe and in other countries who have comprehensive knowledge on its products.



Jcbenergy synchronous alternators are proven to endure the harshest environmental applications. They proved to be one of the most reliable and preferred alternator brands all over the world with their brushless and self-exciting system, electronic voltage regulator (AVR), stable wave form, low harmonic distortion and high efficiency.

In case of a demand, Jcbenergy can also produce direct current (DC) alternators, 50-60 Hz low voltage (LV) alternators, medium voltage alternators, high voltage alternators; alternators for light towers, welding alternators, IP44 and PI54 class alternators for marine applications, variable speed alternators for telecom projects and cranes; high frequency alternators for ground power units, radars, planes and helicopters.

## Product Application

Jcbenergy alternators are mainly used in the application of diesel, gasoline and gas generator groups. They are also able to operate with steam or hydraulic turbines. They operate in all configurations of emergency generator groups, power plants or continuous power sources.

- Industrial and commercial complex.
- Telecommunication and cell-phone towers, radio and television transmitters
- Defense industry and military projects.
- Construction sites, mining, stone crushers and mixing plants, light towers
- Agriculture and irrigation; cattle and chicken farms
- Hotels and hospitals, lofts, care centers, clinics
- Offices, shops, factories, workshops, buildings, sports complexes, stores, malls, banks, gas stations
- Rental companies, mobile service vehicles, mobile hospitals, and other mobile facilities
- Airports, initial starting of the air vehicles, ground services

## Construction

Jcbenergy alternators are made according to the requirements of the standard TSE 60034-1; IEC 60034-1. Using the best quality standards during manufacturing, the result is safe operation and great durability. Mounting styles normally supplied are; Single bearing with coupling by means of flanges and flexible disc. Double bearing with coupling by means of flange.

## Winding & Electrical Performance

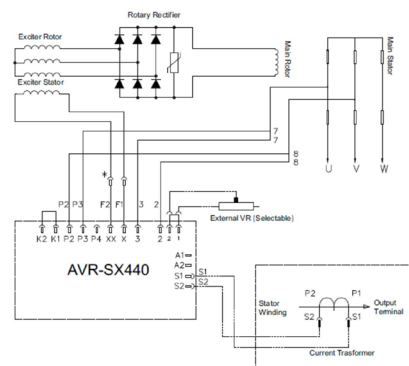
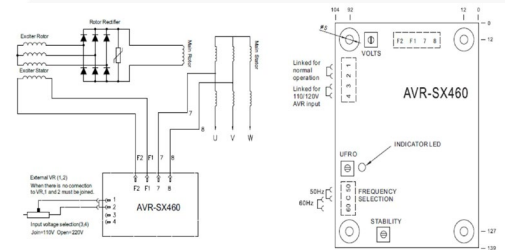
All alternators stators windings are 2/3 pitch. This eliminates triple (3rd, 9th, 15th ...) harmonics on the voltage waveform and is found to be the optimum design for trouble-free supply of non-linear loads. The 2/3 pitch design avoids excessive neutral currents sometimes seen with higher winding pitches, when in parallel with the mains. A fully connected damper winding reduces oscillations during paralleling. This winding, with the 2/3 pitch and carefully selected pole and tooth designs, ensures very low waveform distortion. High quality siliceous metals are used in the body and it increases the efficiency of the alternator.

### Excitation System & Automatic Voltage Regulators (AVR)

The self-warming control system supplies power from the main stator to the warning stator via AVR. The high efficiency semiconductors of AVR (diodes transmitters, etc.) allow the low permanent voltage to be positively raised. Three-phase excitation rotor diode bridge output supplies the main rotor excitation area. There is a varistor that protects the diode bridge and acts as a plug from shocks that may be short-circuited or similar.

With the Frequency / Voltage ratio (U / F) system, it protects AVR and alternator against low frequency. It provides voltage adjustment opportunity within  $\pm 5\%$  limits for external voltage adjustment.

Automatic Voltage Regulators (AVR) are specially designed and catered for both single and parallel running operations for both self-excited and separately excited system (PMG).



## **Terminal & Terminal Box**

Standard generators are 3-phase reconnect able with 12 ends brought out to the terminals, which are mounted on a cover at the non-drive end of the generator. A sheet steel terminal box contains the AVR and provides ample space for the customers' wiring and gland arrangements. It has removable panels for easy access.

## **Insulation / Impregnation (VPI)**

The insulation system is class H. All winding components are impregnated in an unsaturated polyester resin of 200 class temperature. The impregnation provides much needed rigidity and protection against the harsh environment, typical for the generators applications.

Jcbenergy alternators are delivered with Jcbenergy insulation system. This insulation system is based on the "Vacuum Pressure Impregnation" (VPI) system which was developed in cooperation with the most renowned suppliers of insulation material all over the world. Using special epoxy based resin; this insulation system ensures perfect winding insulation of the alternators and does not emit harmful gases into the environment.

## **Dynamic Balancing**

The rotating (Main rotor, exciter rotor, diode group, fan) parts are dynamically balanced with greater precision than that required by the Standard TSE EN IEC 60034-14 and ISO2372, ensuring minimum levels of residual unbalance.

## **Waveforms / Radio Interference**

The alternators are designed to give an excellent output waveform. The total harmonic content of line voltage waveform on no load is less than 5% as per limits specified by TSE / IEC Standards. The Alternators are having negligible Radio Frequency Interference and meets the general limits permitted by VDE 0875 (N). TIF value is <50 and THF value is <2%.

## **Transient Ratings**

Transient voltage drop due to application of full load at 0.8 power factor is less than 18% output voltage recovers to within 3% of the rated value in less than 0.3 seconds.

## **Continuous Duty / S1 – Ambient Temperature / 40°C**

The alternator operates at rated power for an unlimited time with the possibility of overload up to 10% for 1 hour every 12 hours, without damage to its insulation system. The S1, also called continuous or prime duty is applied mainly where there is not another power source available, such as; groups for rental groups for irrigation, refrigeration and application for peak hours. For continuous duty, it is accepted a temperature raise in the windings of up to 125°C.

### Standby Duty – Ambient Temperature / 40°C

The generator group operates as energy backup with variable loads in emergency situations in places supplied by the grid / utility company or another main power source. In this kind of duty, the machine does not accept overloads and operates with variable loads up to the rated power of the stand-by duty (40°C). A raise in the winding temperature of up to 150°C is accepted (as per Standard of TSE 60034 / IEC 60034), However if that happens the useful life of the alternator reduces 2 to 6 times. The use of the alternator in stand-by duty is limited to 500 hours a year.

#### Operating Conditions

When choosing an alternator, “ALTITUDE”, “AMBIENT TEMPERATURE” and “POWER FACTOR” should be taken into consideration. Power drops should be calculated with the help of the table below and power determination should be done accordingly.

#### Altitude

The rated power refers to installations up to 1000 meter above sea level. For applications over this altitude, the following power correction factor must be applied.

| Altitude (m)    | <1000 | <1500 | <2000 | <2500 | <3000 |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| <b>K Factor</b> | 1     | 0.96  | 0.93  | 0.90  | 0.86  |

#### Power Factor ( Cos Q )

The nominal power factor is 0.8 lagging. For application with power factor value different from 0.8, the following correction factor must be applied.

| Power Factor (Cos Q) | 0.80 | 0.70 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0    |
|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| <b>K Factor</b>      | 1    | 0.93 | 0.88 | 0.82 | 0.80 |

#### Ambient Temperature

The rated powers refer to installation with ambient temperature of 40°C. For applications different from 40°C, the following power correction factor must be applied.

| Ambient Temperature | 30°C | 35°C | 40°C | 45°C | 50°C | 55°C |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| <b>K Factor</b>     | 1.04 | 1.02 | 1    | 0.96 | 0.93 | 0.90 |

#### Thermal Insulation Class

Insulation class governs the maximum permissible temperature an alternator can operate without damaging the insulation system.

| Insulation Class | Maximum Permissible Temperature |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>F</b>         | 155 °C                          |
| <b>H</b>         | 180 °C                          |

#### Temperature Rise

Temperature rise is the increase in temperature above ambient temperature 40°C ratings.

| Temperature Rise | Temperature C° |
|------------------|----------------|
| B                | 80 °C          |
| F                | 105 °C         |
| H                | 125 °C         |

Stand-by application allows windings to run hotter than the class H temperature rise limit, therefore for an ambient of;

40°C Temperature Rise: 150°C

27°C Temperature Rise: 163°C

## Generator Set Ratings

| Genset Rating          | Emergency Standby Power(ESP) | Limited Time Prime Power(LTP) | Prime Rated Power (PRP) | Continuous Operating Power(COP) |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Load Type              | Variable                     | Constant                      | Variable                | Constant                        |
| Annual Operating Hours | 200                          | 500                           | Unlimited               | Unlimited                       |
| Average Load           | 70%                          | 100%                          | 70%                     | 100%                            |
| Overload               | No                           | No                            | 10% 1 Hour in Every 12  | No                              |
| Alternator Rating      | Standby                      | Standby                       | Continuous              | Continuous                      |
| Duty Cycle             | S10                          | S10                           | S1                      | S1                              |
| Alternator Ratings     | Standby 150/40°C             | Standby 150/40°C              | Class H 125/40°         | Class H 125/40°                 |
|                        | Standby 163/27°C             | Standby 163/27°C              | Class H 105/40°         | Class H 105/40°                 |

## Alternator Technical Data – 50Hz

### 4 POLE 1500 RPM 50Hz

#### Typical Data

|                  |              |                                 |                      |
|------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Insulation Class | H            | Control System                  | Self Excited         |
| Winding Pitch    | 2/3 - (N° 6) | A.V.R. Model                    | Standard SX460/SX440 |
| Wires            | 12           | Voltage Regulation              | ± 1.0 %              |
| Drip Proof       | IP 23        | Sustained short-circuit current | 300% (3 IN) : 10s    |
| Altitude         | ≤ 1000 m     | Total harmonic (*) TGH / THC    | < 4 %                |
| Overspeed        | 2250 min-1   | Wave Form: NEMA = TIF - (*)     | < 50                 |
| Air Flow         | 0.514 m³/sec | Wave Form: I.E.C. = THF - (*)   | < 2 %                |
| Bearing Drive    |              | Bearing non-Drive               | 6310 - 2RZ           |

(\*)Total harmonic content line to line, at no load or full rated linear and balanced load

**50 Hz kVA / kW – Power Factor (CosQ) = 0,8**

| Duty Ambient C°          |     | Continuous / 40 ° C |         |         | Standby / 27 °C |         |         |
|--------------------------|-----|---------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|
| Class / C° rise          |     | H / 125 ° K         |         |         | H / 163° K      |         |         |
| <b>Series Star( V)</b>   |     | 380/220             | 400/231 | 415/240 | 380/220         | 400/231 | 415/240 |
| <b>Parallel Star (V)</b> |     | 190/110             | 200/115 | 208/120 | 190/110         | 200/115 | 208/120 |
| <b>Series Delta(V)</b>   |     | 220                 | 230     | 240     | 220             | 230     | 240     |
| <b>JNP 270S</b>          | kVA | 123                 | 123     | 125     | 135             | 135     | 138     |
|                          | kW  | 98                  | 98      | 100     | 108             | 108     | 110     |
| <b>JNP 270S1</b>         | kVA | 141                 | 141     | 144     | 155             | 155     | 147     |
|                          | kW  | 113                 | 113     | 115     | 124             | 124     | 118     |
| <b>JNP 270S2</b>         | kVA | 159                 | 159     | 162     | 175             | 175     | 178     |
|                          | kW  | 127                 | 127     | 130     | 140             | 140     | 142     |
| <b>JNP 270M</b>          | kVA | 182                 | 182     | 186     | 200             | 200     | 205     |
|                          | kW  | 146                 | 146     | 149     | 160             | 160     | 164     |
| <b>JNP 270M1</b>         | kVA | 214                 | 214     | 218     | 235             | 235     | 240     |
|                          | kW  | 171                 | 171     | 174     | 188             | 188     | 192     |
| <b>JNP 270MX</b>         | kVA | 232                 | 232     | 237     | 255             | 255     | 261     |
|                          | kW  | 186                 | 186     | 190     | 204             | 204     | 209     |
| <b>JNP 270L1</b>         | kVA | 255                 | 255     | 260     | 280             | 280     | 286     |
|                          | kW  | 204                 | 204     | 208     | 224             | 224     | 229     |
| <b>JNP 270LX</b>         | kVA | 273                 | 273     | 278     | 300             | 300     | 306     |
|                          | kW  | 218                 | 218     | 222     | 240             | 240     | 245     |
| <b>JNP 270LXA</b>        | kVA | 318                 | 318     | 324     | 350             | 350     | 356     |
|                          | kW  | 254                 | 254     | 259     | 280             | 280     | 285     |

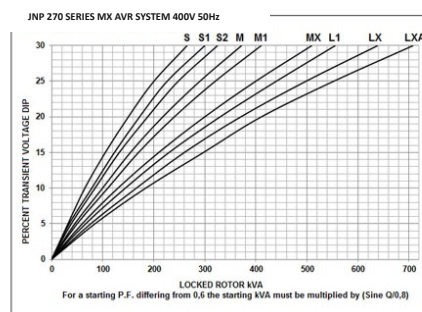
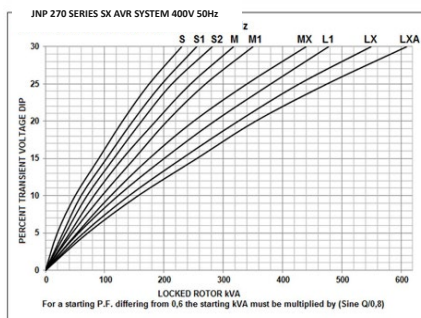
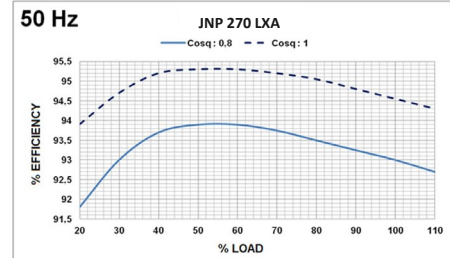
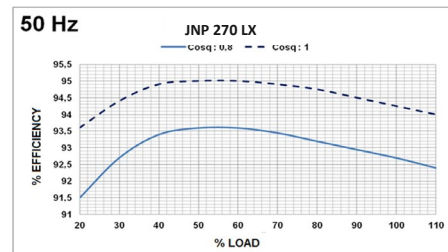
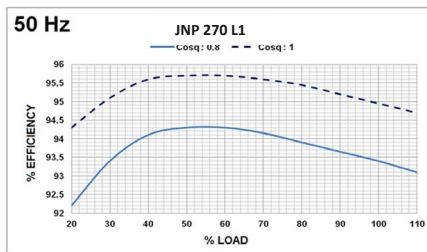
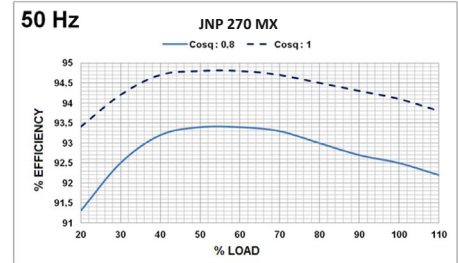
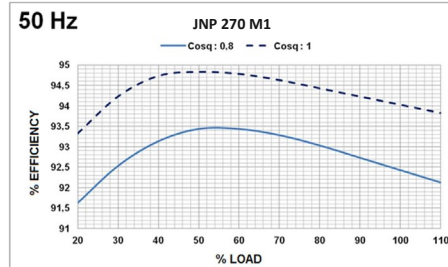
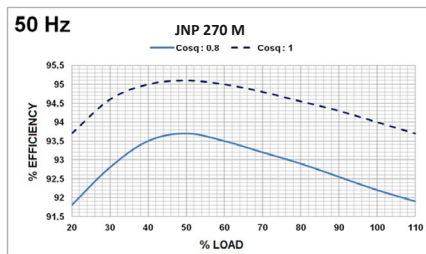
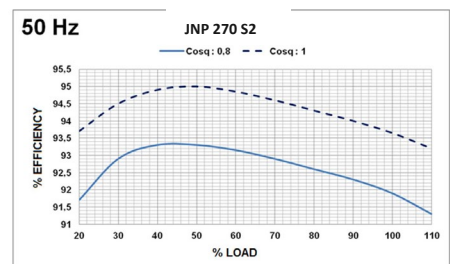
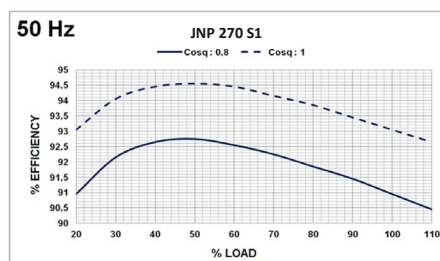
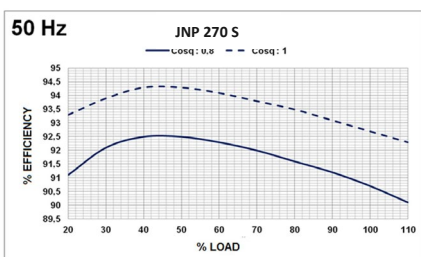
**REACTANCES (%) – TIME CONSTANTS (ms) : CLASS: H / 400 V**

| VOLTAGE SERIE STAR             | 400 V | 270S | 270S1 | 270S2 | 270M | 270M1 | 270MX | 270L1 | 270LX | 270LXA |
|--------------------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| <b>DIR. AXIS SYNCHRONOUS</b>   | Xd    | 2,21 | 2,06  | 2,09  | 2,11 | 2,01  | 2,01  | 2,009 | 1,92  | 1,915  |
| <b>DIR. AXIS TRANSIENT</b>     | X'd   | 0,18 | 0,18  | 0,185 | 0,19 | 0,175 | 0,174 | 0,17  | 0,17  | 0,168  |
| <b>DIR. AXIS SUBTRANSIENT</b>  | X''d  | 0,13 | 0,11  | 0,12  | 0,13 | 0,12  | 0,12  | 0,12  | 0,12  | 0,118  |
| <b>QUAD. AXIS REACTANCE</b>    | Xq    | 1,43 | 1,32  | 1,35  | 1,38 | 1,23  | 1,21  | 1,18  | 1,15  | 1,14   |
| <b>QUAD. AXIS SUBTRANSIENT</b> | X''q  | 0,16 | 0,16  | 0,16  | 0,16 | 0,14  | 0,145 | 0,15  | 0,16  | 0,155  |
| <b>LEAKAGE REACTANCE</b>       | XL    | 0,06 | 0,06  | 0,07  | 0,08 | 0,08  | 0,083 | 0,078 | 0,07  | 0,06   |
| <b>NEGATIVE SEQUENCE</b>       | X2    | 0,14 | 0,13  | 0,135 | 0,14 | 0,12  | 0,125 | 0,123 | 0,12  | 0,14   |
| <b>ZERO SEQUENCE</b>           | X0    | 0,09 | 0,08  | 0,085 | 0,09 | 0,08  | 0,08  | 0,075 | 0,07  | 0,1    |

### OTHER DATA – CLASS H / 400 V

|                            | 270S   | 270S1  | 270S2   | 270M   | 270M1  | 270MX  | 270L1  | 270LX  | 270LXA |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| VOLTAGE SERIE STAR         |        |        |         |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| T'd TRANSIENT TIME CONST.  | 0.028s | 0.031s | 0,0315s | 0.032s | 0.034s | 0,035s | 0,038s | 0,038s | 0,03s  |
| T'd SUB-TRANSTIME CONST.   | 0.001s | 0.01s  | 0.01s   | 0.01s  | 0.011s | 0.011s | 0,012s | 0,012s | 0,085s |
| T'do O.C. FIELD TIME CONST | 0.85s  | 0.85 s | 0.85s   | 0,85s  | 0.88s  | 0,9s   | 0,95s  | 1s     | 1s     |
| Ta ARMATURE TIME CONST.    | 0.007s | 0.073s | 0.072s  | 0.007s | 0.085s | 0,009s | 0,01s  | 0,01s  | 0,01s  |
| SHORT CIRCUIT RATIO        | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd    | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd   | 1/Xd   |

### 3 Phase / 400V / 50 Hz Efficiency Curves & Percent Transient Voltage Dip & Alternator Windings



| ALTERNATOR WINDINGS |                  |            |                  |            |            |            |
|---------------------|------------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 4 Pole              | 3                | 3          | 3                | 3          | 3          | 1          |
| Phase               | 3                | 3          | 3                | 3          | 3          | 1          |
| Connections         |                  |            |                  |            |            |            |
| Number of Leads     | 6                | 6          | 12               | 12         | 12         | 12         |
| Standard Winding    | 300 - 400 - 415V | 220 - 240V | 300 - 400 - 415V | 220 - 240V | 190 - 208V | 220 - 240V |

High quality 100% copper wires are used in the rotors, stators and excitation wirings of JCBenergy alternators. All metal sheets used in the production are siliceous metals. Therefore, JNP alternators have higher efficiency compared to exemplary products.



## Alternator Technical Data – 60Hz

### 4 POLE 1800 RPM 60 Hz

#### Typical Data

|                         |               |  |                      |
|-------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|
| <b>Insulation Calss</b> | H             | <b>Control system</b>                  | Self excited         |
| <b>Winding Pitch</b>    | 2/3 - (N° 6)  | <b>A.V.R. model</b>                    | Standard SX460/SX440 |
| <b>Wires</b>            | 12            | <b>Voltage regulation</b>              | ± 1.0 %              |
| <b>Drip Proof</b>       | IP 23         | <b>Sustained short-circuit current</b> | 300% (3 IN) : 10s    |
| <b>Altitude</b>         | ≤ 1000 m      | <b>Total harmonic (*) TGH / THC</b>    | < 5 %                |
| <b>Overspeed</b>        | 2250 min-1    | <b>Wave form: NEMA = TIF - (*)</b>     | < 50                 |
| <b>Air Flow</b>         | 0.617 m³/sec. | <b>Wave form: I.E.C. = THF - (*)</b>   | < 2 %                |
| <b>Bearing Drive</b>    | -             | <b>Bearing non-drive</b>               | 6310 - 2RZ           |

(\*)Total harmonic content line to line, at no load or full rated linear and balanced load

#### 60 Hz kVA / kW – Power Factor (CosQ) = 0,8

| Duty Ambient C°          |     | Continuous / 40 ° C |         |         | Standby / 27 ° C |         |         |
|--------------------------|-----|---------------------|---------|---------|------------------|---------|---------|
|                          |     | H / 125 ° K         |         |         | H / 163 ° K      |         |         |
| <b>Class / C° rise</b>   |     |                     |         |         |                  |         |         |
| <b>Series Star( V )</b>  |     | 416/240             | 440/254 | 480/277 | 416/240          | 440/254 | 480/277 |
| <b>Parallel Star (V)</b> |     | 208/120             | 220/127 | 240/138 | 208/120          | 220/127 | 240/138 |
| <b>Series Delta(V)</b>   |     | 240                 | 254     | 277     | 240              | 254     | 277     |
| <b>JNP 270S</b>          | kVA | 139                 | 146     | 154     | 153              | 161     | 169     |
|                          | kW  | 111                 | 117     | 123     | 122              | 129     | 135     |
| <b>JNP 270S1</b>         | kVA | 164                 | 172     | 181     | 180              | 189     | 199     |
|                          | kW  | 131                 | 138     | 145     | 144              | 151     | 159     |
| <b>JNP 270S2</b>         | kVA | 184                 | 194     | 204     | 202              | 213     | 224     |
|                          | kW  | 147                 | 155     | 163     | 162              | 170     | 179     |
| <b>JNP 270M</b>          | kVA | 210                 | 221     | 233     | 231              | 243     | 256     |
|                          | kW  | 168                 | 177     | 186     | 185              | 194     | 205     |
| <b>JNP 270M1</b>         | kVA | 249                 | 262     | 275     | 274              | 288     | 303     |
|                          | kW  | 199                 | 210     | 220     | 219              | 230     | 242     |
| <b>JNP 270MX</b>         | kVA | 269                 | 284     | 298     | 296              | 312     | 328     |
|                          | kW  | 215                 | 227     | 238     | 237              | 250     | 262     |
| <b>JNP 270L1</b>         | kVA | 294                 | 309     | 325     | 323              | 340     | 358     |
|                          | kW  | 235                 | 247     | 260     | 258              | 272     | 286     |
| <b>JNP 270LX</b>         | kVA | 321                 | 338     | 356     | 353              | 372     | 392     |
|                          | kW  | 257                 | 270     | 285     | 282              | 298     | 314     |
| <b>JNP 270LXA</b>        | kVA | 358                 | 377     | 398     | 394              | 415     | 437     |
|                          | kW  | 286                 | 302     | 318     | 315              | 332     | 350     |

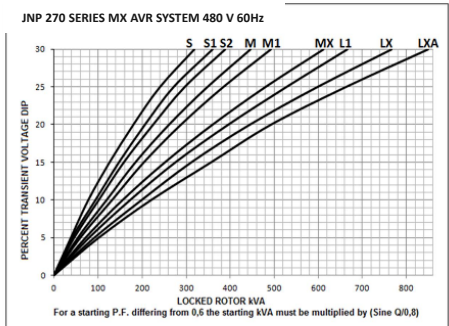
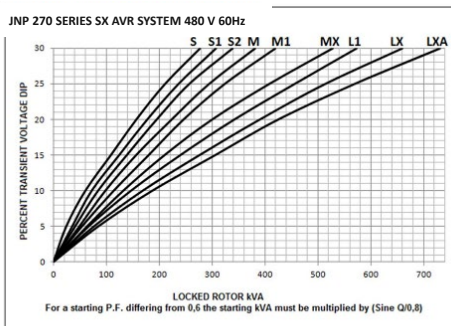
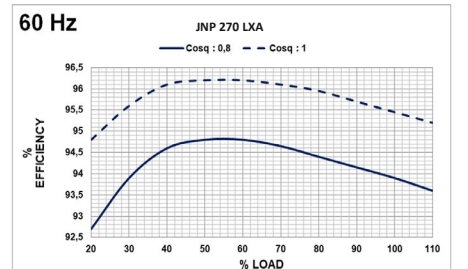
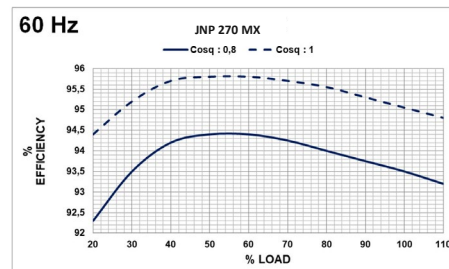
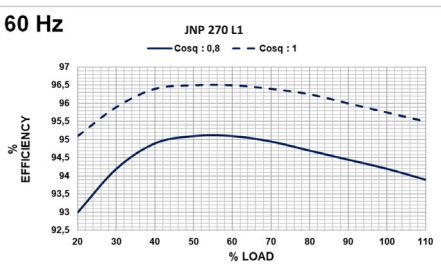
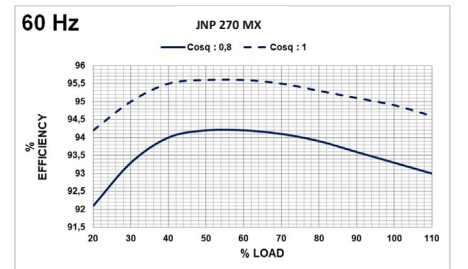
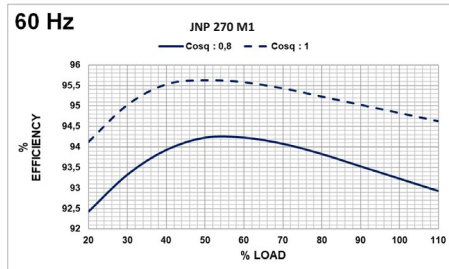
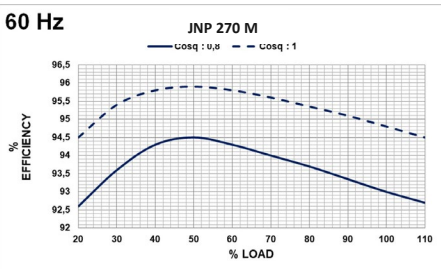
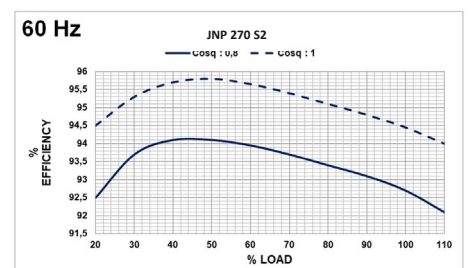
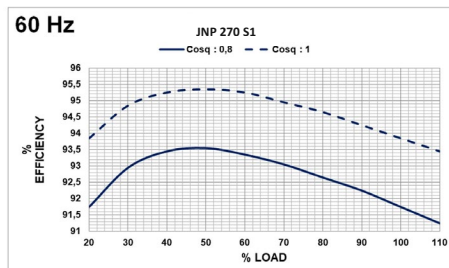
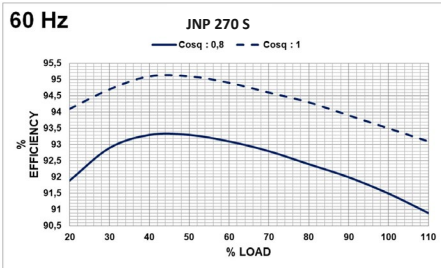
#### REACTANCES (%) – TIME CONSTANTS (ms) : CLASS: H / 480 V

|                                | 480 V | 270S   | 270S1  | 270S2   | 270M   | 270M1   | 270MX   | 270L1   | 270LX  | 270LXA  |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| <b>VOLTAGE SERIAL STAR</b>     | 480 V |        |        |         |        |         |         |         |        |         |
| <b>DIR. AXIS SYNCHRONOUS</b>   | Xd    | 2,3205 | 2,163  | 2,1945  | 2,2155 | 2,1105  | 2,1105  | 2,10945 | 2,016  | 2,01075 |
| <b>DIR. AXIS TRANSIENT</b>     | X'd   | 0,189  | 0,189  | 0,19425 | 0,1995 | 0,18375 | 0,1827  | 0,1785  | 0,1785 | 0,1764  |
| <b>DIR. AXIS SUBTRANSIENT</b>  | X''d  | 0,1365 | 0,1155 | 0,126   | 0,1365 | 0,126   | 0,126   | 0,126   | 0,126  | 0,1239  |
| <b>QUAD. AXIS REACTANCE</b>    | Xq    | 1,5015 | 1,386  | 1,4175  | 1,449  | 1,2915  | 1,2705  | 1,239   | 1,2075 | 1,197   |
| <b>QUAD. AXIS SUBTRANSIENT</b> | X''q  | 0,168  | 0,168  | 0,168   | 0,168  | 0,147   | 0,15225 | 0,1575  | 0,168  | 0,16275 |
| <b>LEAKAGE REACTANCE</b>       | XL    | 0,063  | 0,063  | 0,0735  | 0,084  | 0,084   | 0,08715 | 0,0819  | 0,0735 | 0,063   |
| <b>NEGATIVE SEQUENCE</b>       | X2    | 0,147  | 0,1365 | 0,14175 | 0,147  | 0,126   | 0,13125 | 0,12915 | 0,126  | 0,147   |
| <b>ZERO SEQUENCE</b>           | X0    | 0,0945 | 0,084  | 0,08925 | 0,0945 | 0,084   | 0,084   | 0,07875 | 0,0735 | 0,105   |

## OTHER DATA – CLASS H / 480V

| VOLTAGE SERIAL STAR         | 270 S   | 270 S1   | 270 S2   | 270 M   | 270 M1   | 270 MX  | 270 L1  | 270 LX  | 270 LXA |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| T'd TRANSIENT TIME CONST.   | 0,028 s | 0,031 s  | 0,0315 s | 0,032 s | 0,034 s  | 0,035 s | 0,038 s | 0,038 s | 0,03 s  |
| T''d SUB-TRANSTIME CONST.   | 0,001 s | 0,01 s   | 0,01 s   | 0,01 s  | 0,011 s  | 0,011 s | 0,012 s | 0,012 s | 0,0085  |
| T'do O.C. FIELD TIME CONST. | 0,85 s  | 0,85 s   | 0,85 s   | 0,85 s  | 0,88 s   | 0,9 s   | 0,95 s  | 1 s     | 1 s     |
| Ta ARMATURE TIME CONST.     | 0,007   | 0,0073 s | 0,0072 s | 0,007 s | 0,0085 s | 0,009 s | 0,01 s  | 0,01 s  | 0,01 s  |
| SHORT CIRCUIT RATIO         | 1/Xd    | 1/Xd     | 1/Xd     | 1/Xd    | 1/Xd     | 1/Xd    | 1/Xd    | 1/Xd    | 1/Xd    |

## 3 Phase / 480V / 60 Hz Efficiency Curves & Percent Transient Voltage Dip & Alternator Windings



| ALTERNATOR WINDINGS |            |            |            |            |            |            |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 60 Hz - 1800 R.P.M  |            |            |            |            |            |            |
| 4 Pole              | 3          | 3          | 3          | 3          | 1          | 1          |
| Phase               |            |            |            |            |            |            |
| Connections         |            |            |            |            |            |            |
| Number of Leads     | 6          | 6          | 12         | 12         | 12         | 12         |
| Standard Winding    | 380 - 480V | 220 - 277V | 380 - 480V | 220 - 277V | 190 - 240V | 220 - 240V |

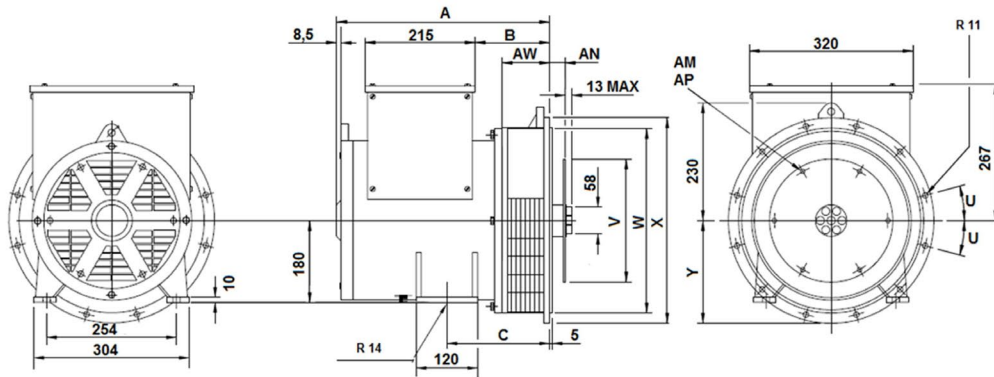
High quality 100% copper wires are used in the rotors, stators and excitation wirings of JCBenergy alternators. All metal sheets used in the production are siliceous metals. Therefore, JNP alternators have higher efficiency compared to exemplary products.

## DIMENSIONS

| Connection Type |            | Size  | Coupling Disc |      |       |    |     |       |       |
|-----------------|------------|-------|---------------|------|-------|----|-----|-------|-------|
| SAE             | MODEL      | A     | B             | SAE  | AN    | AM | AP  | AR    | V     |
| 4               | 180 M-MX   | 433,5 | 157           | 7,5  | 30,16 | 8  | 8.7 | 222,2 | 241,2 |
|                 | 180 LA-LXA | 523,5 | 247           |      |       |    |     |       |       |
| 3               | 180 M-MX   | 433,5 | 147           | 11,5 | 39,68 | 8  | 11  | 333,4 | 352,3 |
|                 | 180 LA-LXA | 523,5 | 237           |      |       |    |     |       |       |

## Flange Adapter

| SAE | AW  | R  | S  | T     | U  | W     | X   | C   | Y     |
|-----|-----|----|----|-------|----|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| 4   | 95  | 12 | 11 | 381   | 15 | 361,9 | 402 | 203 | 201   |
| 3   | 105 |    |    | 428,6 |    | 409,5 | 451 | 213 | 225,5 |



## Special Products / Non - Standardized

Light Tower Alternators

Welding Alternators

High Frequency Alternators

Variable Speed Alternators

Direct Current Alternators - (DC)

Medium Voltage Alternators - (MV)

High Voltage Alternators - (HV)

IP44 and IP54 Class Alternators - (Marine)



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